History – Power & Control			Year: 7/8			
AUTUMN		SPRING		SUMMER		
Half term 1	Half term 2	Half term 3	Half term 4	Half term 5	Half term 6	
Theme/ topic:	Theme/ topic:	Theme/ topic:	Theme/ topic:	Theme/ topic:	Theme/ topic:	
Invasion & Conquest	Development of Church and State 1066	Exploration & Reformation	Terrorism, Civil War & Persecution	Protest, Revolution & War: Part One	Protest, Revolution & War: Part Two	
By the end of this half term pupils will know & understand	By the end of this half term pupils will know & understand	By the end of this half term pupils will know & understand	By the end of this half term pupils will know & understand	By the end of this half term pupils will know & understand	By the end of this half term pupils will know & understand	
The concept power & control. What is authority, and the different ways it can be wielded or used  Have a basic understanding of British Democracy in the 21 <sup>st</sup> century as context for comparisons  Know the ideas and features of a Feudal monarchy, how it came about in England, and how it was used to	Know the evolution of Parliament from Magna Carta to Richard II  Know the features of and understand the importance of the role of the church in Medieval Europe and how the conflict between the Church and State influenced the evolution of Britain. Including the importance of Religion and the concept of the Crusades. As well as the case study of the	What the Renaissance and Reformation was, and how it came about  The power of new ideas and the challenge to authority. Including how technology like the invention of the printing press led to change [compared to the use of the internet today]  Why there was a Protestant Reformation and whether it led to change [difference	The persecution of the Catholics in England & Whether Guy Fawkes was a terrorist or a freedom fighter  The reasons for the English Civil War Who Olivier Cromwell was and how he influenced the development of Parliament. The death of King Charles I and the Interregnum The reasons for the Restoration of the	Understand when and how Britain became a Union  Understand the reasons for the American War of Independence.  An investigation of the U.S. Constitution. Why doesn't Britain have one?  Case study of the French Revolution. Why didn't something like it happen in Britain?	When Democracy actually began? Who got the vote and when. Including a case study of the Suffragettes. How direct action is sometimes necessary.  Who should vote? A discussion of how modern Democracy works, and how if differs from past examples of control.  How Propaganda is used to coerce and control people.	

subjugate and control	murder of Thomas	between change and	Monarchy and the idea	What happened at	
the Saxon Population.	Becket	progress]	of a republic	Peterloo? Why? The	The causes of WWI
Understand the importance of national monuments as a	Know how Edward I used conquest and his power as king of	The case study of Henry VIII break with Rome. Why he broke	Understand why people fled to the New World	concept of Protest and why it's necessary in a civilised society.	The treatment of Conscientious Objectors.
gateway to local history and identity and how to make them relevant in Modern Britain – Local Study	England to begin the creation of a Unified Britain and understand the impact on Wales and Scotland	with the Catholic Church and the consequences of it – short term and long term	A case study of the fate of first colonies in America, e.g. Roanoke. The development of	Investigation into the idea of Rights, Freedom, and Civil Disobedience	Representations of Hitler. A study of the man.
and Heritage Marketing	Know what happened in, and the reasons for	Understand the reasons for Elizabeth	Puritanical Religion  Reasons for the  Witchcraft	Why was the police force created? What is its role in society?	Turning points of WWII  Dunkirk  Battle of
CONQUEST MONARCHY FEUDAL DEMOCRACY	the Peasants' Revolt and understand the role and status of the 'peasant' in Medieval	I's ascension to power. The significance of Elizabeth's reign in a time of great change.	phenomenon in England and Salem. Case study: Hysteria.	Who was transported to Australia? Why?	Britain  Battle for the Atlantic  D Day
POWER NORMAN SAXON INVASION BAYEUX TAPESTRY DOMESDAY	England, and so the significance of the Peasant's Revolt as the only means to show discontent	Including the threat to Elizabeth, the defence of England against the Spanish, the politics of Elizabeth's marriage and use of portraits. As	PERSCUTION CIVIL WAR TERRORIST [ISM] PURITAN	COLONIES/EMPIRE CONSTITUTION REVOLUTION THE TERROR HUMAN RIGHTS	Case Study: The road to Genocide. What happened? Why was it allowed to happen?
INTERPRETATION CAUSE CONSEQUENCE CHANGE CONTINUITY	CRUSADE/HOLY WAR ISLAM MUSLIM SALADIN MAGNA CARTA OXFORD PROVISIONS PAPAL/POPE CHRISTIAN	well as exploration and exploitation in her reign. E.g. The discovery of the new world and Sir Francis Drake as England's first	ROUNDHEAD CAVALIER ROYALIST PARLIAMENTARIAN NEW MODEL ARMY INTERREGNUM REPUBLIC WITCHCRAFT	CIVILISED SOCIETY PROTEST MASSACRE INDEPENDENCE TRANSPORTATION	Winston Churchill?  Communism & Capitalism; the ideologies that shaped the Cold War. Why were they fighting?

	REVOLT	international slave	HYSTERIA		
	PARLIAMENT	trader.			9/11. 102 minutes that
	TAILLAIVILINI				changed the world.
		The Development of			How has this event
		the Royal Navy in			changed the modern
		response to England as			world?
		an Island			
					Who owns Britain
		RENAISSANCE			today? Have things
		REFORMATION			changed?
		SUITOR			
		CATHOLIC			SUFFRAGETTE
		PROTESTANT			CHARTIST
		JESUIT			CONSCIENTIOUS
		ARMADA			DIRECT ACTION
		AMBASSADOR			PROPGANDA
		HOLY RELIC			COMMUNISM
		PAPAL BULL			CAPITALISM
		PORTRAIT			GENOCIDE
					HOLOCAUST
					IMPERIALIST
					TYRANY
					DICTATOR TOTALITARIAN
They will know how to	They will know how to	They will know how to	They will know how to	They will know how to	They will know how to
They will know how to	They will know how to	They will know how to	They will know how to	They will know how to	They will know how to
To be able to take	Will be able to suggest	Prioritise causes	To understand and	Begin to understand	Begin to understand
relevant and concise	similarities and	Understand the idea of	apply the skills	and apply the skills	and apply the skills
notes from	differences [change &	cause and	necessary for the	necessary for the	necessary for the
documentary sources	continuity] between features of modern	consequence as a	evaluation of sources.	evaluation of sources.	evaluation of sources.

Begin to structure a	and medieval society,	historical skill and be	Including	To be able to take	To understand the
written argument so	and argue the	able to recognise and	understanding	relevant and concise	chronology of events
that there is a line of	significance of	comment on them in a	Provenance	notes from	from the Normal
reasoning	different events,	series of events	The 1.49 to 1.4	documentary sources	Conquest to the
Will begin to select and	features and concepts	Understand the	The ability to use detailed contextual	To be able to	present day
deploy relevant	Understand the idea of	difference between	knowledge to	communicate ideas via	To be able to take
historical information	cause and	short- and medium-	illustrate, support and	different mediums.	relevant and concise
to support an	consequence as a	term consequences	prove an argument.	E.g., annotated	notes from
argument	historical skill and be	The ability to use	To be able to take	diagrams, mind maps	documentary sources
Will be able to suggest	able to recognise and comment on them in a	detailed contextual	relevant and concise	and exam answers	Will be able to suggest
similarities and	series of events	knowledge to	notes from	To confidently	similarities and
differences [change &	Series of events	illustrate, support and	documentary sources	structure a written	differences [change &
continuity] between	Begin to structure a	prove an argument.	To confidently	argument so that it	continuity] between
features of modern	written argument so	To confidently	structure a written	follows a line of	features of modern
and medieval society,	that there is a line of	structure a written	argument so that it	reasoning	and medieval society,
and argue the	reasoning	argument so that it	follows a line of	Will begin to select and	and argue the
significance of	Will begin to select and	follows a line of	reasoning	deploy relevant	significance of different
different events,	deploy relevant	reasoning	reasoning	historical information	events, features and
features and concepts	historical information	reasoning	Justify and explain	to support an	concepts
Ask and argue their	to support an	Will begin to select and	opinions as part of	argument	Understand the idea of
own questions based	argument	deploy relevant	discussion and in	argument	cause and
on their learning	argument	historical information	extended pieces of	Ask and argue their	consequence as a
on their learning	Understand the	to support an	writing	own questions based	historical skill and be
Begin to understand	significance of	argument		on their learning	able to recognise and
and apply the skills	particular events as	Understand the	Understand the idea of		comment on them in a
necessary for the	turning points in		cause and		series of events
evaluation of sources.	history	significance of	consequence as a historical skill and be	Understand the	Series Of Everies
Understand the		particular events as		significance of	Understand the
significance of			able to recognise and	particular events as	significance of
Significance Of					

particular events as turning points in history  Understand the idea of cause and consequence as a historical skill and be able to recognise and comment on them in a series of events  Understand how to write a narrative account rather than simply describing what happened  To be able to present information to other members of the class —		turning points in history	comment on them in a series of events  Understand the significance of particular events as turning points in history	turning points in history	particular events as turning points in history  To confidently structure a written argument so that it follows a line of reasoning  Will begin to select and deploy relevant historical information to support an argument  Ask and argue their own questions based on their learning
members of the class – to, inform, persuade, and argue.					
Link to prior learning	Link to prior learning	Link to prior learning	Link to prior learning	Link to prior learning	Link to prior learning
	Changing concept of Kingship	Invasion and conquest Importance of Religion	The significance of the Church in the Middle Ages - Crusades	Feudal System – the status of a peasant  Magna Carta & the Oxford Provisions	Norman Conquest  Evolution of Parliament  Crusades